## Year 3 Spelling List

Name: _____________________

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Sasha is organizing her shoelace collection. She wants to order them from shortest to longest. Use a ruler to help Sasha measure the length of each shoelace in the nearest centimetre. Write the length in box next to each lace. Then circle the *shortest shoelace* in red and the *longest* in green.
Litres and millilitres

Write these capacities in millilitres (ml).

1. 1 l 200 ml = ______ ml
2. 2 l 400 ml = ______ ml

3. 5 l = ______ ml
4. 3\(\frac{1}{2}\) l = ______ ml

5. 1 l 700 ml = ______ ml
6. 4 l 600 ml = ______ ml

7. 2\(\frac{1}{2}\) l = ______ ml
8. 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) l = ______ ml

Write these capacities in litres (l) and millilitres.

9. 1500 ml = ____ l ______ ml
10. 2300 ml = ____ l ______ ml

11. 700 ml = ____ l ______ ml
12. 3000 ml = ____ l ______ ml

13. 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) l = ____ l ______ ml
14. 5600 ml = ____ l ______ ml

15. 1100 ml = ____ l ______ ml
16. 4\(\frac{1}{2}\) l = ____ l ______ ml
Rocks & Minerals

Read the sentences below and fill in the missing words from the word bank.

1. The oldest rocks on Earth are about _______________ million years old.
2. Most rocks are covered by soil, trees or _______________.
3. The three main types of rocks at the Earth's surface are igneous, _______________ and _______________.
4. Igneous rocks come from _______________ eruptions.
5. Sedimentary rock is formed from sediment like _______________ and clay.
6. _______________ rock is formed deep underground.
7. Minerals are _______________, and are found in all rocks.
8. All rocks are eventually worn away by _______________ and _______________.
9. Rocks often form _______________.
10. Basalt is Earth's most _______________ rock.

3,800  sedimentary  sand  substances
metamorphic  volcanic  wind  common
 crystals  rain  grass  metamorphic
Sort these rocks into groups depending on whether they were man-made or natural rocks.

- Brick
- Granite
- Limestone
- Marble
- Concrete slab
- Slate

Man-made rocks

Natural rocks
First Airplane Trip
by Sara Matson

Jake is going on a trip. He and Mom take a taxi to the airport.

“It’s my first plane trip,” he tells the taxi driver.

“That’s great!” the taxi driver says.

Jake rolls his suitcase onto the plane.

“It’s my first plane trip,” he tells the pilot.

“Welcome aboard,” the pilot says.

Jake finds his seat and buckles his seatbelt. The plane’s engines rumble and roar. Jake opens his backpack and pulls out Panda.

“It’s my first plane trip,” he whispers. He holds Panda’s paw.

The plane moves faster and faster. Then—Whoosh! On the ground, cars and houses look like toys.

Jake smiles. “Guess what, Panda?” he says. “Flying is fun!”
First Plane Trip
by Sara Matson

1. How do Jake and his mom travel to the airport?
   a. in a plane  b. in their car
c. in a taxi  d. in a bus

2. What does a pilot do?

3. What does the pilot say to Jake?

4. Who is Panda?
   a. Jake's brother  b. a large animal
c. Jake's pet  d. a stuffed animal

5. What does Jake whisper to Panda?

6. Read this sentence from the story:

   On the ground, the cars and houses look like toys.

What does this mean?
   a. The cars and houses looked very big.
b. The cars and houses looked very small.
c. The cars and houses did not move.
d. Jake could not see the cars and houses.
Prefixes: dis- and un-

The prefixes *dis-* and *un-* mean *not*.

Tyler **does not like** peas.    It's **not safe** to ride a bike in a busy street.
Tyler **dislikes** peas.    It's **unsafe** to ride a bike in a busy street.

Write a single word with *dis-* or *un-* to complete each sentence.

1. My shoe is _____________.
   (not tied)

2. Carl ______________ with Paul.
   (does not agree)

3. Abby ______________ vegetables.
   (not likes)

4. Will ______________ his parents.
   (does not obey)

5. Mrs. Wu said she does not want ______________ homework.
   (not finished)